

Pompeiiana Newsletter



Vol. X, No. I

11/1/

Ab

Ad

Magistro

Stellam

Latin. . Hour best educational investment

Sept. A.D. MCMLXXXIII



Gordon Matthaeus Summer (Aculeus), qui scripsit carmen quod nominatur "Omnem Spiritum Capis," sine dubio est notissimus cantor in Vigilibus. Quamquam haec caterva condita est a Stewart Copeland, tamen et Stewart et Andreas Summers (tertius musicus in hac caterva) vivunt in Aculei umbra. Aculeus accipit omnem famam, omnia colloquia et omnes clamores.

Aculeus certe est notabilis--scilit eum esse monstrum cum natura venenata. Contra hunc aspectum, autem, Aculeus habuit pueritiam ordinarium. Doctus est ab Jesuitis in Novo Castello in Britannia. Se docuit modulari cithara. Priusquam inventus est a Stewart Copland, Aculeus magister erat in Britannia. Interdiu docebat in schola, et noctu modulabatur cum parva caterva musicorum.

Aculeus etiammunc avide legit libros. Est et auctor et actor ingeniosus. Apparuit in V picturis moventibus et etiam scripsit suam picturam moventem quam appellat "Gormenghast."

Quoniam musica Vigilum postulat sanitatem et vigorem infinitum, Aculeus conservat sanitatem suam cum cura. Private vivit, habet rationem in cenis suis, bibit cum moderatione, cotidie se exercet, et non fumat.

Quamquam Aculeus fortunatus est et beate vivit, tamen eius optima carmina effluunt ex animi dolore et tumulto. Quam ob rem divortium faciens cum uxore eius scripsit haec verba notissima:

"Nunc meum miserum cor dolet Cum omni gressu tuo. Omnem motum facientem, Omnem votum violantem, Omnem risum vitiantem Observabo te."



Excerpts from an article by Carey Gilpin, 8th Grade Roman History Student of Kathryn E. Van der Pol, St. Thomas' Episcopal School, Houston, Texas

We can see many similarities in modern schools by examining the schools of ancient Rome. They started school about the same age as we and progressed through a system like ours. Of course there were differences. They did not have text books. They sat on benches instead of at desks.

Girls rarely attended school. Since they were married at an early age (13 or 14), they were taught at home by their mothers.

Education for boys was extremely important. At age six, a boy entered elementary school. School started very early--before dawn! A slave called a paedagogus accompanied the child to school. The paedagogus was the child's slave and carried his books. He also spanked the child when he misbehaved. The school boy brought a lamp with him to school and studied with this until daybreak. Schools often had black ceilings from all the smoke. Since school started so early, they had a long lunch. During the middle of the day they went home for a siesta. School started on March 24. We do not know, however, how long a school year lasted, although we know they were off during the hottest part of the summer. They also had over 100 holidays.

School was not what we think of today. Roman schools were open spaces or large single rooms, open to the street and usually in the midst of several shops. It was common for a passerby to see the students reciting their lessons. Residents sometimes complained about the noise!

As it is to be expected in any age, students studied reading, writing and arithmetic. Their teachers were generally Greek slaves or freedmen. Boys were taught to be bilingual in both Latin and Greek. If the student did not learn his lesson correctly, he was flogged.

Thirty children occuped the average classroom. The students were divided into slow and advanced groups. Using a stylus, they wrote their lessons on wax tablets or sometimes brokentile or pottery. To learn the Roman alphabet, pupils learned only the capital letters WHICHINEYWROTEALLTOGETHERLIKETHIS.

Poetry was very important to a child's education. They were required to memorize passages of poems like Homer's Iliad or Vergil's Aeneid. Few books were used in school. Students wrote their own from the teacher's dictation. Elementary school ended at age twelve and that was the end of most children's education. Some, however, went on to grammar school where a grammaticus taught grammatica, which included the study of literature and literary criticism, as well as religion, history, geography and philology. At the age of sixteen the Roman student completed grammar school. He then had a choice. He could either end his schooling or, if his parents could afford it, he could attend the most difficult school of all--a school of rhetoric!



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TO ADDRESSEE OR CURRENT TEACHER OF LATIN:



The Curse of Fate

by Becky Reynolds, Latin III Student of Rose Williams, Cooper H.S., Abilene,

Myself Cassandra, Heard but not believed, Much like a knowledgeable youth In the classroom of an unhearing teacher, Struggling to arise with wisdom. The prophetic tragedy I possess, The result of the will of Apollo, Hers, like mine, the result of Certain events in her life. Both wanting to emerge With a certain satisfaction.

Doomed from the day of my curse, She from a choice felt profitable To her knowledge. After these fateful events Our lives both changed. Myself shouting truths to the crowds, She answering softly in class, Both never to be accepted as wise.

Well I remember the day of death. In Clytemnestra's vengeful trap Agamemnon was caught, Never to escape. She also recalls her days of disaster Which brought upon her misery.
We both hold happier events in our minds,
Overshadowed by these tragedies.
Both praying for an end to come.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * *

1. C. Calpurnius
3. M. Licinius
8. L. Sergius
9. Nickname of C. Caesar (Imp. III)
12. M. Porcius
14. Septinius (Imp.)
15. Octavian's agnomen
17. 's wall
18. the Bider
23. M. Junius

18. the block
23. M. Junius
24. emperor after Vitellius
27. Tiberius' younger brother
28. rebuilt Pantheon (cognomen)
28. rebuilt Pantheon (cognomen)
39. Annaeus (Nero's tutor)

Caracalia)
11. Claudius Caesar (Imp. V)
12. M. Tullius
13. 's column (Imp.)
16. War between ___ and Sulla
18. Caesar, __ and Crassus
19. Q. __ Maximus Cunctator
20. 's ARS AMATORIS
21. agnomen of Tiberius' nephew and adopted son'
22. and Emustina

and Faustina

25. Aelius

25. Aelius (headed Praetorian Guard in 14 A.D.)
26. Afranius (Nero's advisor)
29. M. Cocceius (Imp.)

31. M. Claudius

Augustus)

ACROSS



(Photo by Joe Bentivoglio) L to R: Brenda Pavesi, Steven Betzold, Scott Somerville, Snoopy, Cindy Barcio, John Betzold and Mary Kay Pavesi.

CARMEL LATIN STUDENTS SPONSOR 4TH OF JULY PARADE UNIT

Encouraged by 4th year Latin student Barbara Pavesi, Carmel H.S. Latin students entered a unit in last summer's 4th of July parade. The theme of the parade was "Let Freedom Ring in Carmel" which was displayed on one side of the student-made banner. The reverse side bore the inscription, "The Olympus of Indiana." The parade unit consisted of a litter in which god Snoopy was carried along preceded by a chariot accompanied by tamborine playing flower girls. A separate banner announcing that the unit was sponsored by the Carmel Latin Club led the entourage while a banner in honor of Apollo lit up the rear.

Capitalizing on the opportunity to raise some extra funds for the Latin Club, Latin students Beth Harriman (who currently serves as the president of the Indiana JCL) and Barbara Pavesi each headed separate stands along the parade route at which they sold cold pop -- the profit from which more

than covered the expenses of sponsoring the unit in the parade.

The Carmel Latin Club has resolved to make its activities as visible as possible in the community.

POMPEIIANA'S NEW A/V POLICY GOES INTO EFFECT THIS MONTH

Pompeiiana's A/V presentations are one of the most popular aspects of its operations. Last year, on an average, over 500 students were viewing one of Pompeiiana's presentations on every school day of the year.

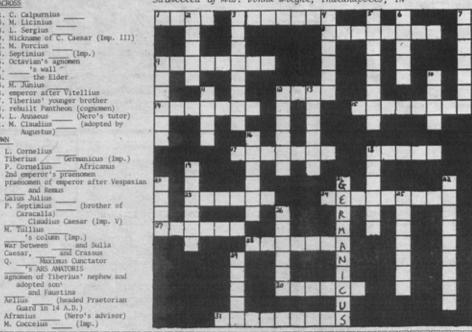
Confronted, however with rising filmstrip costs and ever increas-ing requests, Pompeiiana was faced with the choice of ceasing to circulate its presentations or placing a minimal charge of \$1.00 per reserved use so that this phase of its operations could continue to grow.

Officially the new A/V policy reads:

PRESENTATIONS RENT FOR \$1.00 EACH & MAY BE USED FOR 5 SCHOOL DAYS WHEN RECEIVED. THEY ARE MAILED DURING THE MONTH YOU REQUEST (or the fol-lowing month if demand is high). THE RENTAL FEE ONLY COVERS MAILING TO YOUR ATTENTION AT A SCHOOL ADDRESS VIA LIBRARY RATE, BUT SPECIAL HANDLING MAY BE PURCHASED. TO AVOID BEING CHARGED FOR A LOST PRESENTATION YOUR NAME MUST APPEAR ON THE PACKAGE WHEN IT IS RETURNED.

Clari Viri Romani

Submitted by Mrs. Donna Wright, Indianapolis, IN



DON'T MISS THIS FALL'S

LATIN WEEKENDER CONFERENCE

THERE IS STILL ROOM FOR 10 MORE PARTICIPANTS IN THE NOVEMBER 4-6, 1983, CONFERENCE, TO INSURE SPACE, CALL (317) 255-0589 FOR REGISTRATION FORMS.

Roman Bath Anyone? by Pat Cupp, Clay Jr. H.S., Carmel, IN

These would be the last Roman ruins we would visit during our three week tour of Germany and Austria. The guide book said that historical research confirmed that these very thermal springs were discovered in the mid 1st century A.D. by a Roman hunting group from Argentoratum (Strasbourg). In 74 A.D. the VIII Legion crossed the Rhine, established a protectorate for the Black Forest district, and began construction of the baths. The task was completed in 117 A.D. and became famous enough to warrant the construction of a fortified road to the baths from the Mainz-Basel road. When the emperor Caracalla visited the baths in 213 A.D., the basins were richly rebuilt in marble and the bath was renamed the AQUAE AURELIAE from Caracalla's formal name, Marcus Aurelius Antoninus. The baths survived for another 50 years before being destroyed by Alemmanen.

Between 1846-1848 the ruins of the Roman baths were unearthed as the present day spa, Friedrichsbad, was being built.

Roman ruins! My two travelling companions knew the meaning of this euphoric glaze in my countenance. They had first seen it in Regensburg at the beginning when I discovered our hotel was actually built into the original wall of Castra Regina. This, however, was to prove to be our finest experience ever!

Roman-Irish

Baths

The Roman-Irish both (thermal, steam, hat-air, exercise boths with soop brush massage and test period) is comprised of 15 stages:

	Shower Cleaning the bad	9.30	500
	Warm-air both	SHIC	15 mi
		AB'C	. 5 min
ï	Shower		sho
ġ	Soop brush massage		- Emi
ś	Shower		sho
ř	Thermal sleam both T	45°C	10-mi
ŧ	Thermal steam both II	48°C	5.00
į	Complete thermal both	36°C	30 min
þ	Thermal jet-spray both	34°C	15 mi
٠	Thermal evertise both	28°C	5-mi
ż	Shower		5-mi
3	Cold water both		
	(Notol submersion)	18°C	sho
i	Drying (worm towels)		4.mi

Bothing time incl. rest period: approx 120 min

The time indicated for the individual boths is only approximate and can be adjusted if medically prescribed or for the well-being

We finally located the present spa, a most impressive structure, and proceeded directly to the basement where a part of the Roman hydro-foundations was visible. I was delighted to know that the man who had built baths in Rome monumental enough to dwarf present day productions of Aida had had a hand in this project as well.

We returned to the ticket window, and I bought a second copy of the guidebook, Aquae Aureliae, which amused the young lady in charge and led to a discussion of the importance of the baths to daily Roman IIIe. She suggested that I should complete my day's education by actually taking the Roman-Irish Bath upstairs, and enthusiastically described the stages of the two hour process in which she herself indulged every chance she got.

My companions and I debated through lunch and shopping and finally decided to substitute a trip through the baths for an afternoon park concert. We entered the main hall of the Friedrichsbad in the afternoon, paid our \$10 and were directed to the women's section on the 3rd floor. In the changing room (APODYTERIUM) we used the token we'd been given for the locker, and strapped on the wrist band with the locker number and key. Taking our cue from others, we emerged au natural and were led to the first shower room. In each room was a clock and a posting of the fifteen stages we would follow, complete with timetable and arrow to the next station.

After our showers the matron gave us towels and wooden shoes to wear in the warm air baths where we reclined on wooden loungers for 15 mins, while I babbled about the TEPIDARIUM. In the steam room (LACONICUM) we each selected a tiered slab and surrendered ourselves to 5 wondrously languid minutes of sweating, took a cooling shower, and presented ourselves next door for an 8 min, soap brush massage. This substitute for the oiling and strigilling I presumed was the Irish part of the baths, and here I began to understand the concept of cleanliness next to decadence referred to by Balsdon (Life and Leisure in Ancient Rome): "Man was weak, prone to enjoyment, as a favorite scribbling in the Roman baths admitted -- MAINEA VINA VENUS CORRAMPUNT CORPORA NOSTRA, / AT VITAM FACIUNT BALNEA, VINA, VENUS: Baths, drink and mating are disintegrating: / Yet what is living but baths, drink and mating?"

We returned to the steam room and then, for the next half hour, we lounged in mineral pools of varying temperatures (CALDARIA) where we felt our bodies purified and our metabolisms activated. We relaxed so thoroughly in the 15 min. jet-spray bath we lost track of time.

Now began the invigorating part--5 mins. in the exercise bath where we swam and watched those ahead of us take steaming showers in preparation for the cold water submersion, mercifully prescribed to be "short." The 18°C dip in the FRIGIDARIUM was a shock, but the aftermath was all the more gratifying. The matron brought us warm towels for drying and then led us to a large room for the final stage, a 30 min. rest. Swathed in warm towels we reclined on cots and the matron wrapped each of us from head to toe in a blanket. I fell asleep gazing at the translucent dome above and listening to the birds outside, overwhelmed by "Balnea Well-Being," the aura of which threatens to linger with me forever.

99999999 classified ads

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CONSULTANT IN CLASSICS

The LYCEALM, P.O. Box 986, Amherst, MA 01004 (413) 256-8088, sponsors inservice programs for classical studies under the direction of Dr. Marie Cleary.

F.L.E.S.

A new publication, Foreign Lang. in the Elementary School: A Practical Guide is now available from: Elementary School For. Lang. Project, Center for Applied Linguistics, 3520 Prospect St. NW, Washington, D.C. 20007

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For a catalog of discs available write: Educational Software Systems, P.O. Box 371, Arcadia, IN 46030

LOST PERSONS

LOST: Young daughter with lovely ankles. Last seen being abducted to underworld. Those with information should contact Demeter or Ceres near Mt. Aetna on Sicily.

WANT TO BUY

I need II front row tickets to next week's games at the Circus Maximus. Will pay LXX sesterces. Ask for Lucius along the Via Salaria.

BUDDING GENIUS: 1-Discord; 2-sommus/ambulare; 3-F;4-normallus;5-To the stars thru difficulties; 6-F; 7-appositive;8-dic,duc,fac,fer;9-he himself; 10-blue stone;11-Antigone,ismene;12-T

POMPIIANA was incorporated order the laws of the State of Indiana In see 1074 as a national non-forgorite Center for the Promotion of Classical Studies and Law of the Promotion of Classical Studies and Limba Promotion (Pers), It is a second to the Promotion of Classical Studies and Limba Promotion (Pers), It is a second promotion of the Caracteristic Conference and the Rational Charleson or Latin. Promptionals CATALOG of educational and promotional materials offers items of interest to teachers and friends of the Classics.

THE POMPELIANA HEMSLETTER is published mostly during the school year by Fonnesians, Inc., 6025 Indianola Ave., Indianapolis, 13 46220, Articles for publication should be submitted to Sancy Exherman, Editor, Art should be submitted to black per on white paper.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are \$2.50 per year for students. The NEWSLETTER is a free membership benefit for Adult or Contributing members.

TWO NEW POSTERS

Pompeiiana is proud to offer two new posters this fall:

#1134 GRECIAN WOMAN IN A DORIC PEPLOS Print of a line drawing by Nancy Balding. 14" x 22" \$3.50

#1133 PERISTYLE GAR-DEN OF THE GETTY MUSEUM IN MALIBU Full color print. 24" x 38" \$5.00



Roga Me Aliquid ab Annia Maia

Dear Annia,

Ever since the new forum opened up down the via, my liberi have been spending their entire days and nights there, not to mention multa pecunia! Do you have any advice on how I might keep my little ones domi?

Empty Nest Mater

Dear Empty.

One of the best ways to keep the chickens down on the ager is to make sure that there are plenty of interesting things to do domi. If your home entertainment plans fail, you can always withhold their pecunia!

Dear Annia.

My husband the senator is spending more and more time away from his home and family and more time at the curia. I have tried everything from Alpha to Omega to keep him home. Help, I'm desperate!

Dear Desperate,

Perhaps you may have overlooked a rather important word--cibus! Remember the old adage: The way to a senator's heart is through his stomach? This is just as true today as it was back in Pompey's day. If you need more help, try the tasty suggestion in this issue's food section.

Dear Annia.

I just met the most wonderful puer in my villa. Marcus is tall and intelligent, and he drives a really wicked chariot. I would love to go for a spin around the Colosseum with him, but I don't know how to approach him. What can I do to get his attention?

Timida Puella

Dear Timida,

Wanting to take a spin in a good looking chariot is fine, but remember there is more to a young man than his wheels. One good way to meet your Marcus is to learn about his interests. You might talk to his amici and find out what baths he visits (Caracalla's, Trajan's or Antoninus'). Once you feel that you know him somewhat, get up your nerve and send your slave girl to invite him to dinner.

Cooking with Claudia

Salvete! It's time for Cooking with Claudia.

My selection for this month is the sesame. These seeds, also called benne seeds in some parts, are the dried fruits of a beautiful tropical herb, SESAMUM INDICUM. In many parts, this herb is cultivated on a large scale and for the Romans it became an ingredient for many a dish. Like ginger and pepper, the Romans obtained sesame seeds from India.

Today, sesame oil is used for cooking in the Far and Near East. Many Chinese dishes are prepared with a dark, heavy sesame oil while in India curries are prepared with a pale, light sesame oil. The sesame is also the basis of the famous Middle Eastern sweet, the halva.

The following CRUSTULUM COMPOSITIO is a delicious example of how this little nut-like seed can be used.

SESAME SEED COOKIES

2 cups sifted flour ½ cup sugar

1½ tsp baking powder ¼ tsp. salt ½ cup shortening

egg, slightly beaten cup milk

4 1b sesame seeds

Sift the first 4 ingredients into a bowl. Cut in shortening until size of small peas. Stir in egg, add milk, tablespoon at a time, mixing thoroughly to form a soft dough. Form 1" balls, and then roll them in the sesame seeds. Flatten and place the sesame coated balls on a greased cookie sheet. Bake at 375° F for 12 to 15 mins. Yields approximately 3 doz.

BOMM APPETITUM!

Claudia

ZEPHYRUS

AD ASTRA PER ASPERA



POMPEIIANA'S NEWEST FILMSTRIP/ CASSETTE PRESENTATION NOW AVAILABLE

Mrs. Hood (formerly Mary Hyde) has now completed a beautiful filmstrip/ cassette presentation in which she describes how she entered the national catapult contest as a sophomore in high school and went on to set all the world records that currently stand for a large counter-weight catapult.

The story is one of perseverance, imagination and hardwork and is a must for any student or group of students who may be considering reconstructing a workable Roman catapult. As this filmstrip points out, it is by no means a simple or inexpensive undertaking--but the rewards of success are phenomenal. Not only did Mary Hood complete her undertaking successfully, she eventually appeared on national television and was inspired to pursue classical studies in college where she finally decided to become a teacher of secondary school Latin.

Teacher members of Pompeiiana may reserve this presentation by sending \$1.00 and indicating the month wanted.

BUDDING GENIUS

- 1. Who threw the golden apple labelled "For the Fairest"?
- 2. The word "somnambulist" comes from which two Latin words?
- 3. T/F: The Theogony was written by Aeschylus.
- 4. The Latin phrase which means "some, several" is _
- 5. What is the meaning of the motto AD ASTRA PER ASPERA?
- 6. T/F: MILLE is a declinable adjective.
- A noun which follows another noun and defines its meaning is a/an
- Name the four irregular present imperatives which contain only three letters each.
- 9. Who saw Narcissus and immediately fell in love with him?
- 10. The young woman purchased a ring of LAPIS LAZULI. What is the English meaning of this phrase?
- 11. What were the names of Oedipus' two daughters?
- 12. T/F: Numa Popilius was the 2nd king of Rome.

How Well Did You Read?

- On which day and month did Roman boys start their school year?
- At which of the three levels of schooling did Roman boys study geography?
- 3. Who discovered Sting in the group Police?
- 4. What was Sting's profession before joining Police?
- 5. With whom does Becky Reynolds seem to associate herself?
- 6. What post did Sejanus hold in 14 A.D.?
- 7. What city claims to be the Olympus of Indiana?
- 8. What stage of a Roman bath is the LACONICUM?
- 9. From which country did Romans get sesame seeds?
- 10. On which island did Ceres live?
- 11. What did Mary Hyde enter during her sophomore year in high school?